JEWISH GENEALOGICAL AND ARCHIVAL SOCIETY OF GREATER PHILADELPHIA

BY LAWS
OF THE CORPORATION

AMENDED AND RESTATED
ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
JUNE 1, 2019
# JEWISH GENEALOGICAL AND ARCHIVAL SOCIETY OF GREATER PHILADELPHIA BY LAWS

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AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS
OF
JEWISH GENEALOGICAL AND ARCHIVAL
SOCIETY OF GREATER PHILADELPHIA

ARTICLE 1 – DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Definitions

The following terms used in these Bylaws shall have the meanings set forth below.


(b) “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

(c) “Corporation” means the Jewish Genealogical and Archival Society of Greater Philadelphia.

(d) “Director” means an individual serving on the Board.

ARTICLE 2 – PURPOSES

Section 2.1 Purposes

The purposes of the Corporation are set forth in its Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE 3 – OFFICES

Section 3.1 Offices

The registered office of the Corporation shall be located in Pennsylvania. The Corporation may have any number of other offices at such places as the Board may determine.
ARTICLE 4 – SEAL

Section 4.1  Seal

The Corporation may use a Corporate Seal. The Corporate Seal shall bear the name of the Corporation, the year of its incorporation and the words “Corporate Seal, Pennsylvania.”

ARTICLE 5 - MEMBERS

Section 5.1.  No Members

The Corporation shall have no members entitled to vote on any matter or for any reason.

ARTICLE 6 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 6.1.  Board of Directors.

The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed under the direction of the Board. The powers of the Corporation shall be exercised by, or under the authority of, the Board except as otherwise provided by statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws, or a resolution adopted by the Board.

Section 6.2.  Qualifications of Directors.

Each Director shall be a natural person at least 18 years of age who need not be a resident of Pennsylvania.

Section 6.3.  Number and Election of Directors.

The Board shall determine by resolution the total number of Directors to serve at any time.

Section 6.4.  Term of Office.

The term of each Director of the Corporation shall be one (1) year. Upon completion of a term a Director shall be eligible for re-election; provided, however, that no Director shall serve more than three (3) consecutive terms. Following the completion of three (3) consecutive terms, a period of one (1) year must pass before an individual may be eligible for re-election to the Board. Notwithstanding the foregoing, service as an Officer of the Corporation shall not be counted in determining the number of consecutive terms served as a Director.
Section 6.5. Vacancies.

Vacancies in the Board, including vacancies resulting from (a) an increase in the number of Directors, or (b) the death, resignation, or removal of a Director, shall be filled by a majority of the remaining Directors though less than a quorum. Each person so elected shall be a Director to serve for the balance of the unexpired term.

Section 6.6. Removal of Directors.

Any Director may be removed from office, without assigning any cause, by a majority vote of the Board at any meeting of the Board. If any Director is removed, the resulting vacancy may be filled by the Board at the same meeting. A Director may also be removed for cause by a majority vote of the Board at any meeting of the Board or by order of any court having jurisdiction of such matters.

Section 6.7. Resignations.

Any Director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Corporation. The resignation shall be effective upon receipt by the Corporation or at such subsequent time as may be specified in the notice of resignation.

Section 6.8. Compensation of Directors.

Directors shall receive no compensation for their services as Directors or as committee members. However, the Corporation may compensate a Director for providing services to the Corporation in any other capacity. Directors shall not participate in any vote of the Board with respect to their own compensation. Directors may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses paid or incurred on behalf of the Corporation.


Each Director shall be entitled to one vote.

ARTICLE 7 - COMMITTEES

Section 7.1. Establishment and Powers.

The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors, establish one or more committees to consist of one or more Directors of the Corporation. The Board may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of a committee. In addition to the members of the Board, other interested individuals who are not Board members may join, and participate with, a committee, subject to approval of the Board.
Section 7.2. Term.

Each committee of the Board shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

Section 7.3. Committee Organization.

Except as otherwise provided by the Board, each committee shall be chaired by a Director and shall establish its own operating procedures. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and report the same to the Board at each regular meeting. Each committee shall determine its times and places of meetings.

ARTICLE 8 - MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

Section 8.1. Place of Meetings.

The Board may hold its meetings at such places as the Board may appoint or as may be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 8.2. Annual Meeting.

Unless the Board provides by resolution for a different time, the annual meeting of the Board shall take place in September of each year.

Section 8.3. Regular Meetings.

In addition to the annual meeting, the Board shall meet not less than three times a year. The Board may hold its regular meetings at such place and time as shall be designated by resolution of the Board. If the date fixed for any regular meeting is a legal holiday under the laws of Pennsylvania, the meeting shall be held on the next succeeding business day or at such other time as may be determined by resolution of the Board. The Board shall transact such business as may properly be brought before its meetings.

Section 8.4. Special Meetings of the Board.

The President or any five (5) Directors may call special meetings of the Board which shall be held at such time and place as shall be designated in the call for the meeting. Five days' notice of any special meeting shall be given to each Director pursuant to Section 10.1 or by telephone. Such notice shall state the time and place of such special meeting but need not state the purpose of the special meeting.
Section 8.5. Quorum.

A majority of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The acts of a majority of the Directors present and voting at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the Board.

Section 8.6. Participation in Meetings.

One or more Directors may participate in a meeting of the Board or a committee thereof by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. A Director so participating shall be counted in the determination of a quorum and be entitled to vote on such matters as he/she would be entitled to vote upon by attending a meeting in person.

Section 8.7. Organization.

Every meeting of the Board shall be presided over by the President, or in the absence of the President, a Vice President, or in the absence of the President and Vice President(s), a chair chosen by a majority of the Directors present. The Secretary, or in his or her absence, a person appointed by the chair, shall act as secretary.

Section 8.8. Consent of Directors in Lieu of Meeting.

Any action which may be taken at a meeting of the Directors may be taken without a meeting, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all Directors and filed with the Secretary of the Corporation. Written consent may be delivered by facsimile or a Director may give his or her consent by means of electronic communications technology, such as e-mail.

ARTICLE 9 - OFFICERS

Section 9.1. Number.

The officers of the Corporation shall include a President, Two (2) Vice Presidents, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. The officers may include one or more Assistant Secretaries, one or more Assistant Treasurers, and such other officers as the Board may determine by resolution. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

Section 9.2. Qualifications of Officers.

The officers shall be natural persons at least 18 years of age who are Directors, except that the Treasurer may be a corporation.
Section 9.3. Election and Term of Office.

Except as otherwise provided by resolution of the Board, the officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board at the annual meeting of the Board. Each officer shall serve for a term of one (1) year, and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation, or removal.

Section 9.4. Removal of Officers.

Any officer may be removed by a majority vote of the Board whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Corporation will be served.

Section 9.5. Resignations.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Corporation. The resignation shall be effective upon receipt by the Corporation or at such subsequent time as may be specified in the notice of resignation.

Section 9.6. The President.

The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation and shall have general supervision over the business and operations of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Board. The President shall chair all meetings of the Board. The President shall execute in the name of the Corporation, deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, and other instruments authorized by the Board, except in cases where the execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board to some other officer or agent of the Corporation. In general, the President shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and such other duties as may be assigned by the Board.

Section 9.7. Vice President(s).

The Vice President (or in the event there be more than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated by the directors, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their election) shall perform the duties of the President in the absence or disability of the President, and, when so acting, shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the President. The Vice Presidents shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Board or the President.

Section 9.8. The Secretary.

The Secretary shall be responsible for the maintenance of a record all votes of the Board and the minutes of the meetings of the Board in a book or books to be kept for that purpose. The Secretary shall see that required notices of meetings of the Board are given and that all records and reports are properly kept and filed by the Corporation. The Secretary shall be the custodian of the seal of the Corporation and shall see that it is affixed to all documents to be executed on behalf of the Corporation under its seal. In
general, the Secretary shall perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may be assigned by the Board or the President.

Section 9.9. Assistant Secretaries.

In the absence or disability of the Secretary or when so directed by the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary may perform all the duties of the Secretary, and, when so acting, shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the Secretary. Each Assistant Secretary shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board, the President, or the Secretary.

Section 9.10. The Treasurer.

The Treasurer shall be responsible for corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Corporation. The Treasurer shall have full authority to receive and give receipts for all money due and payable to the Corporation, and to endorse checks, drafts, and warrants in its name and on its behalf and to give full discharge for the same. The Treasurer shall be responsible for the deposit all funds of the Corporation, except such as may be required for current use, in such banks or other places of deposit as the Board may designate. In general, the Treasurer shall perform all duties incident to the office of Treasurer and such other duties as may be assigned by the Board or the President.

Section 9.11. Assistant Treasurers.

In the absence or disability of the Treasurer or when so directed by the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer may perform all the duties of the Treasurer, and, when so acting, shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the Treasurer. Each Assistant Treasurer shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board, the President, or the Treasurer.

ARTICLE 10 - NOTICE

Section 10.1. Written Notice.

Whenever any notice is required to be given to any person by law, the Articles of Incorporation or these bylaws, it shall be given to such person either personally or by sending a copy thereof by first class or express mail, postage prepaid, or courier service, charges prepaid, to his or her postal address appearing on the books of the Corporation or, in the case of a director, to the address supplied by the director to the Corporation for the purpose of notice, or by facsimile number, e-mail or other electronic communication to his or her facsimile number or address for e-mail or other electronic communications supplied by him or her to the Corporation for the purpose of notice. Notice given by first class or express mail or courier service shall be deemed to have been given to the person...
entitled thereto when deposited in the United States mail or with a courier service for delivery to that person. Notice given by facsimile transmission, e-mail or other electronic communication shall be deemed to have been given to the person entitled thereto when sent. A notice of meeting shall specify the place, day and hour and any other information required by the Act or these Bylaws.

Section 10.2. Waiver by Writing.

Whenever any written notice is required to be given, a waiver in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice, whether before or after the time stated, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of the notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, a meeting need be specified in the waiver of notice of the meeting.

Section 10.3. Waiver by Attendance.

Attendance of a person at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting except where a person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting was not lawfully called or convened.

ARTICLE 11 - CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Section 11.1. Interested Directors and Officers.

No contract or transaction between the Corporation and one or more of its Directors, or officers or between the Corporation and any other corporation, partnership, association, or other organization in which one or more of its Directors or officers are directors or officers, or have a financial interest, shall be void or voidable solely for such reason, or solely because the Director, or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the Board which authorizes the contract or transaction, or solely because his, her, or their votes are counted for that purpose, if:

(a) The material facts as to the relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the Board and the Board in good faith authorizes the contract or transaction by the affirmative votes of a majority of the disinterested Directors even though the disinterested Directors are less than a quorum; or

(b) The contract or transaction is fair as to the Corporation as of the time it is authorized, approved, or ratified by the Board.

Interested Directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the Board which authorizes the contract or transaction.
ARTICLE 12 - STANDARD OF CARE

Section 12.1. Standard of Care: Justifiable Reliance.

A Director shall stand in a fiduciary relation to the Corporation and shall perform his or her duties as a Director, including duties as a member of any committee of the Board upon which the Director may serve, in good faith, in a manner the Director reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the Corporation and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, skill and diligence, as a person of ordinary prudence would use under similar circumstances. In performing his or her duties, a Director shall be entitled to rely in good faith on information, opinions, reports or statements, including, without limitation, financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or presented by any of the following:

(a) One or more officers or employees of the Corporation whom the Director reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;

(b) Counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the Director reasonably believes to be within the professional or expert competence of such person; or

(c) A committee of the Board upon which the Director does not serve, duly designated in accordance with law, as to matters within its designated authority, which committee the Director reasonably believes to merit confidence.

A Director shall not be considered to be acting in good faith if the Director has knowledge concerning the matter in question that would cause his or her reliance to be unwarranted.

Section 12.2. Presumption.

Absent breach of fiduciary duty, lack of good faith, or self-dealing, actions taken by the Board, committees of the Board, or by individual Directors, or any failure to take any action, shall be presumed to be in the best interests of the Corporation.

Section 12.3. Notation of Dissent.

A Director who is present at a meeting of the Board, or of a committee of the Board, at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless his or her dissent is entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless the Director files a written dissent to the action with the Secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or transmits the dissent in writing to the Secretary immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. The right to dissent shall not apply to a Director who voted in favor of the action. Nothing in this Section shall bar a Director from asserting that minutes of the meeting incorrectly omitted his or her dissent.
if, promptly upon receipt of a copy of the minutes, the Director notifies the Secretary, in writing, of the asserted omission or inaccuracy.

ARTICLE 13 - LIMITATION OF LIABILITY; INSURANCE

Section 13.1. Limitation of Liability of Directors.

A Director shall not be personally liable, as such, for monetary damages for any action taken or any failure to take any action as a Director unless:

(a) The Director has breached or failed to perform the duties of his or her office under Subchapter B of Chapter 57 of the Act; and

(b) The breach or failure to perform constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct, or recklessness.

This Section shall not apply to (1) the responsibility or liability of a Director pursuant to any criminal statute, or (2) the liability of a Director for the payment of taxes pursuant to federal, state, or local law. Any repeal or amendment of this Section shall be prospective only and shall not increase, but may decrease, a Director's liability with respect to actions or failures to act occurring prior to such change.

Section 13.2. Insurance.

The Corporation shall purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a Director or officer of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another domestic or foreign corporation for profit or not-for-profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him or her against that liability under the Act. The Corporation's payment of premiums with respect to such insurance coverage shall be provided primarily for the benefit of the Corporation. To the extent that such insurance coverage provides a benefit to the insured person, the Corporation's payment of premiums with respect to such insurance shall be provided in exchange for the services rendered by the insured person and in a manner so as not to constitute an excess benefit transaction under section 4958 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

ARTICLE 14 - INDEMNIFICATION

Section 14.1. Representative Defined.

For purposes of this Article, "representative" means any Director or officer or employee of the Corporation.
Section 14.2. Third-Party Actions.

The Corporation shall indemnify any representative who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation), by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a representative of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another domestic or foreign corporation for profit or not-for-profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the action or proceeding if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation and, with respect to any criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, or conviction or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent shall not of itself create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner that he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation and, with respect to any criminal proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

Section 14.3. Derivative and Corporate Actions.

The Corporation shall indemnify any representative who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a representative of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another domestic or foreign corporation for profit or not-for-profit, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the defense or settlement of the action if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation. Indemnification shall not be made under this Section in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which the person has been adjudged to be liable to the Corporation unless and only to the extent that the court of common pleas of the judicial district embracing the county in which the registered office of the Corporation is located or the court in which the action was brought determines upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses that the court of common pleas or other court shall deem proper.

Section 14.4. Employee Benefit Plans.

For purposes of this Article, "other enterprises" shall include employee benefit plans; "serving at the request of the Corporation" shall include any service as a representative of the Corporation that imposes duties on, or involves services by, the representative with respect to an employee benefit plan, its participants or beneficiaries;
excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to any employee benefit plan shall be
demed "fines"; and action with respect to an employee benefit plan taken or omitted in
good faith by a representative of the Corporation in a manner he or she reasonably
believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be
demed to be action in a manner that is not opposed to the best interests of the
Corporation.

Section 14.5. Procedure for Effecting Indemnification.

Unless ordered by a court, any indemnification under Section 14.2 or Section 14.3
shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a
determination that indemnification of the representative is proper in the circumstances
because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in those Sections.
The determination shall be made:

(a) By the Board by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who
were not parties to the action or proceeding; or

(b) If such a quorum is not obtainable or if obtainable and a majority vote of a
quorum of disinterested Directors so directs, by independent legal counsel
in a written opinion.

Section 14.6. Advancing Expenses.

The Corporation shall pay expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in
defending any action or proceeding referred to in Section 13.2 in advance of the final
disposition of the action or proceeding upon receipt of any undertaking by or on behalf of
the representative to repay the amount if it is ultimately determined that he or she is not
entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized in this Article or otherwise.

Section 14.7. Supplementary Coverage.

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by or granted
pursuant to this Article shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which a
person seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under the
Act, or any bylaw, agreement, vote of the disinterested Directors, or otherwise, both as to
action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding that
office. Article 13 (relating to conflicts of interest) shall be applicable to any bylaw,
contract, or transaction authorized by the Directors under this Section. However, no
indemnification may be made by the Corporation under this Article or otherwise to or on
behalf of any person to the extent that:

(a) The act or failure to act giving rise to the claim for indemnification is
determined by a court to have constituted self-dealing; willful
misconduct, or recklessness; or
(b) The Board determines that under the circumstances indemnification would constitute an excess benefit transaction under section 4958 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Section 14.8. Duration and Extent of Coverage.

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by or granted pursuant to this Article shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a representative of the Corporation and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs and personal representatives of that person.

Section 14.9. Reliance and Modification.

Each person who shall act as a representative of the Corporation shall be deemed to be doing so in reliance upon the rights provided by this Article. The duties of the Corporation to indemnify and to advance expenses to a representative provided in this Article shall be in the nature of a contract between the Corporation and the representative. No amendment or repeal of any provision of this Article shall alter, to the detriment of the representative, his or her right to the advance of expenses or indemnification related to a claim based on an act or failure to act which took place prior to such amendment or repeal.

ARTICLE 15 – FISCAL YEAR

Section 15.1. Fiscal Year.

The fiscal year of the corporation shall begin on the first day of January in each year.

ARTICLE 16 - TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS

Section 16.1. Real Property.

The Corporation shall make no purchase of real property nor sell, mortgage, lease away or otherwise dispose of its real property, unless authorized by the vote of a majority of the full Board. If the real property is subject to a trust, the conveyance away shall be free of trust and the trust shall be impinged upon the proceeds of such conveyance.

Section 16.2. Negotiable Instruments.

All checks or demands for money and notes of the Corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers as the Board may designate.
ARTICLE 17 - CORPORATE RECORDS

Section 17.1. Corporate Records.

The Corporation shall keep (a) minutes of the proceedings of the Board and (b) appropriate, complete, and accurate books or records of account, at its registered office or the principal place of business or any actual business office of the Corporation.

ARTICLE 18 - DISSOLUTION

Section 18.1. Distribution of Assets Upon Dissolution

Upon the dissolution of the Corporation, the Board of Directors shall, after paying or making provisions for the payment of all of the liabilities of the corporation, dispose of all the assets of the corporation exclusively for the exempt purposes of the corporation in such manner, or to such organization or organizations having compatible goals and purposes as the Corporation and organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes which at the time qualify as an exempt organization or organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, as the Board of Directors shall determine. Any assets not so distributed by the Board of Directors shall be distributed by the Court of Common Pleas of the County in which the corporation's principal office is then located exclusively for the Corporation's exempt purposes. The use of any surplus funds for private inurement to any person in the event of a sale of the assets or dissolution of the corporation is expressly prohibited.

ARTICLE 19 – AMENDMENTS

Section 19.1. Amendments.

Except as otherwise provided by the Act, the Bylaws of the Corporation may be amended by a majority vote of the Board at any meeting after notice of such purpose has been given.

ARTICLE 20 – MISSION STATEMENT

Section 20.1 - Objectives

The objectives of the Society shall be:

1. To collect, preserve and disseminate knowledge and information with reference to Jewish genealogy and the history of the Jewish community in Greater Philadelphia.
2. To promote interest and encourage interested parties to engage in genealogical and archival research.
3. To stimulate and provide instruction in research methodology, the utilization of resources including the Philadelphia Jewish Archives Collection and adherence to standards of accuracy and thoroughness.

4. To foster careful documentation and to promote scholarly genealogical and archival writing and publication.

5. To promote the preservation of genealogical and archival records and resources, especially the Philadelphia Jewish Archives Collection.

6. To hold meetings for the instruction and education of its members and the general public.